



SUBJECT MEDIUM TERM PLANNING			
Year Group: Two	TERM: Summer 1	Theme: Staying Healthy Staying safe	
National Curriculum: RHE P1 – How do I help my body to stay healthy? Understand that active lifestyles including regular exercise and sleep can keep our bodies more healthy. P2 – How do I decide what to eat? Identify the components of a balanced diet P4 – How can I stay safe Identify common dangers that they may encounter both at home and in the wider world: - Know what to do in an emergency situation			
Context: (This unit builds on the work the children have covered in year 1 on staying healthy in Summer 1. The children will already know good hand hygiene and oral health practises and will now learn about the importance of physical activity and good sleep habits in order to stay healthy. During this unit the children will learn to identify the 5 different food groups needed for a healthy diet. Children will be able to name the 5 different food groups: carbohydrate, fats, fruit and vegetables, dairy and protein and give examples of food that fall in to each group. This unit is taught in Summer 1 as the children are able to use the outdoors to plant their own healthy fruits and vegetables. The children will also build on the work covered during road safety week in the Autumn term and look in more detail about the dangers that can be found both inside and outside the home. The children will learn how to stay safe with medicines and what to do in an emergency situation. They will also learn about the dangers near open water and how to keep themselves safe. This unit is taught during the summer term when children are more likely to be outdoors.	Concepts: Health, Wellness, Safety	Vocabulary Staying Healthy Heart Organ that pumps blood through the body Energy The ability to do work Relaxation When your body and mind are free from stress Diet The things that you eat and drink Healthy Making choices that look after your body and mind. Safety Danger Being at risk of getting hurt Emergency A situation where help is needed straight away Help To give assistance or support adult Someone over 18 years of age.	

Prior Knowledge: The children healthy including good handv understand that germs can m discuss different ways to prev	washing and oral health ake us poorly. They will	hygiene They will l also be able to	Future Knowledge: Children will start to think about opportunities for making their own choices with food and discuss what factors can influence their food choices; habits, bacteria, hygiene
End points /by the end of this knowledge is highlighted): Children will be able to name Children will be able to discu their body. Children will be able to what	the 5 different food gro ss the impact physical a	oups. ctivity can have on nergency.	Crucial Knowledge What are the five different food groups? carbohydrate, fats, fruit and vegetables, dairy and protein Why is being active good for our body? Physical Activity keeps our heart healthy and makes us feel good mentally What can you do in an emergency? Call 999, tell an adult?
Key learning: To understand the benefits of physical activity. Success Criteria: I can identify the benefits of physical activity. - I can describe how you feel after exercise. - I can identify physical activities that I enjoy. - I can identify ways of building regular exercise into a daily or weekly routine. - I can create my own 10 minute shake up.	Concepts: Health, Wellness Suggested resources: Flip Chart Channel 4 shake up games Post it notes	Lesson Number 1 Introduction How do I help my body Stay Healthy? Learn Sheffield P1 On post it notes children to brainstorm ideas to keep their body healthy Direct teaching Discuss the key questions: What is physical activity? Explain that it is anything that helps your body to move – we can also call it exercise. Help the children to understand that they need energy to be able to exercise. Where does energy come from? Have the children been active today so far? Discuss the benefits of physical activity on the different parts of the body. Help the children understand that being active can also help us to concentrate better and protects our mental wellbeing. With a partner children to discuss how physical activity makes them feel by practising different activities for 1 minute e.g. sitting, marching on the spot etc.	

	Activity	
	children to think of their own ten minute shake up game for a class of children. Children to work	
	in groups to plan their game	
	Key Questions	
	What is physical activity?	
	Where does energy come from?	
	How long should you exercise for each day?	
	How does being active help our bodies?	
	Challenge:	
	Adaptive teaching for SEND:	
Vocabulary: Physical, exercise, benefit, heart, energy, muscle,		

Lesson Number 2		
Key learning: I understand what it means to have a healthy diet	Concepts: Health, Wellness	Lesson structure: Introduction How do I decide what to eat? Learn Sheffield P2
Success Criteria: I can identify the components of a healthy diet and how much we need of each of these	Suggested resources: Flip Chart Food for sorting Healthy meal design sheet.	 Children to look at the different food options and think about which dish they would rather eat. direct teaching Children to discuss what makes a healthy diet. Could you eat the same food for every meal and be healthy? Discuss the five different food groups and encourage the children to offer examples.

I understand how	Look at a picture of a balanced plate. Can the children say which food groups we should eat
different foods help us to	most/least of?
stay healthy	Children to match up the food group to the benefit to the body.
I can create a healthy,	Children to practise sorting food on each table in to the correct food group.
enjoyable meal for	key questions
Census Day	What makes a healthy diet
	Could you eat the same food for every meal and be healthy?
	What are the 5 different food groups?
	Activities
	Children to create their own healthy, balanced meal for census day that contains:
	• Two portions of fruit and veg
	One portion of protein
	One portion of carbohydrates
	One portion of dairy
	Children to share with the rest of the class
	Challenge
	Consider the key questions:
	Which meal would you choose?
	Why did you choose this meal?
	Adaptive teaching for SEND:
Vocabulary: healthy, protein, carbohydra	te vegetable fruit diet fete deiru
Vocabulary: nealing, protein, carbongara	te, vegetable, fruit, alet, fais, aalig

Lesson Number 3		
Key learning: To know why sleep is important for good health	Concepts: Health, wellness	Lesson structure: Introduction, How do I help my body Stay Healthy? Learn Sheffield P1

Success Criteria: I can understand the importance of sleep. - I know that I can affect the quality of sleep that I get. - I understand the impacts of a lack of sleep. - I can think of ways to get ready for sleep. - I can recognise when relaxation may help me	Suggested resources: Flipchart Mindful breathing clip – see flip.	Children to recap what it means to have a healthy lifestyle. Children think in pairs. Reveal the hidden cards showing, a healthy diet, an active lifestyle and sleep. direct teaching Discuss why sleep is important and the consequences of having a lack of sleep. Children to share their own thoughts on sleep. Do they find it difficult or easy to get to sleep? What can they do to get ready for sleep? Teacher to mind map the children's ideas Activities Children to silently act out their bedtime routine with as partner. Can their partner guess what they are doing? Children to practise mindful deep breathing using the video clip. key questions Why is sleep important? What are the consequences of a lack of sleep? Do you find it easy to get to sleep? What can you do to prepare for sleep?
Vocabulary: Sleep, quality, r	elaxation, healthy, habits	Challenge: Children to consider the key question: Why do we need to relax as well as sleep? Adaptive teaching for SEND:

Lesson Number 4		
Key learning: How to stay safe inside my house	Concepts: safety	Lesson structure: Introduction P4 – How can I stay safe Learn Sheffield Presentation: Dangers inside the home

Success Criteria:	Suggested resources:	Children to visit the different room of the house. Discuss the dangers they can see in pairs. Share
-Identify common dangers	- Presentation:	with the class to make a list of dangers for each room.
that they may encounter	Dangers inside	These may include:
at home -Know what to do in an	the home - presentation Being safe	Chemicals and medicines, Coin batteries, Electrical products and wires, Plug sockets, Fires and matches, Electric hobs, Gas hobs, Boiling water, Falling down stairs and off tables, chairs and beds, Ropes and blinds
emergency situation	around	direct teaching
 Telling adults 	medicines	Discuss what they would do in a n emergency situation.
5		- Tell adults
 Calling emergency services 	- safety in the house recording sheet.	- Call emergency services (999)
	Silect.	Look in more detail at safety with medicines – see presentation Being safe around medicines What is a medicine?
		Something you take if your rent feeling well. However, they could make us sick if we don't follow the correct rules.
		Where should we store medicines?
		Who should give us medicines?
		Share the two different scenarios with the children. What decisions should Layla and Jack make? Activities
		Children to write down what dangers to look out for in each room of the house
		key questions
		What dangers do I have to look out for?
		What should I do in an emergency?
		Challenge:
		Adaptive teaching for SEND:
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Vocabulary: Emergency, safety, danger, h	ala madising	

Lesson Number 5

Key learning:	Concepts:	Lesson structure: Introduction
How to stay safe outside	safety	Can the children remember how to stay safe on the roads?
my house		What can the children remember? Discuss in pairs
		direct teaching
Success Criteria: -Identify common dangers that they may encounter in the wider world Riding bicycles and scooters Environmental Railways Water Fires -Know what to do in an emergency situation • Telling adults • Calling emergency services	Suggested resources:	direct teaching There are lots of other dangers outside the home too including water and railways Look at the power point: safe and unsafe situation What are the dangers? How can we protect to selves and stay safe e.g. helmets on bikes and scooters. Some of the biggest dangers during the summer time can be found near open water. Look at PowerPoint: staying safe near water. Why might people want to go in the water during the summer? How could this be dangerous? What should we do to stay safe? key questions What dangers can be found out ide How can we stay safe? What should we do in an emergency? Activities Children to use the ipads to record a safety video for other children about how they can stay safe near water. Challenge: Adaptive teaching for SEND:
Vocabulary:		
Emergency, safety, danger, h	relp	